2002 INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1-ES – ESTIMATED TAX FOR INDIVIDUALS, ESTATES, AND TRUSTS

Who Must Pay Estimated Tax

Tax (including the Wisconsin alternative minimum tax and recycling surcharge) is required to be paid on income as it is earned or constructively received. Withholding tax and estimated tax are the two methods used to make those required tax payments. Generally, if you work for wages, you have tax withheld from your wages to prepay any tax which will be computed on your income tax return for the year. If you have income from which tax is not withheld (for example, interest, dividends, unemployment compensation, etc.), you must pay estimated tax to prepay any tax which will be computed on your income tax return for the year.

You must pay Wisconsin estimated tax for 2002 if you expect to owe, after subtracting your withholding and credits, at least \$200 in tax for 2002 and you expect your withholding to be less than the smallest of:

- 90% of the tax (including alternative minimum tax and the recycling surcharge) shown on your 2002 income tax return.
- 100% of the tax (including alternative minimum tax and recycling surcharge) shown on your 2001 income tax return assuming the return covered 12 months. This does not apply to trusts or estates that have 2002 taxable income of \$20,000 or more. If your 2001 return was adjusted by the department or you filed an amended return, use the tax from the latest adjusted or amended return.
- 90% of the tax shown on your 2002 income tax return, computed by annualizing your taxable income and alternative minimum taxable income. (You may use Wisconsin Schedule U, Part IV, as a worksheet to annualize income.)

Full-year residents, part-year residents, nonresidents, trusts, and estates are subject to the estimated tax requirement. (**Note**: Trusts subject to tax on unrelated business income should file on Form 4-ES.)

You do not have to pay estimated tax if you were a full-year resident of Wisconsin for 2001 and you had no tax liability for that 12-month period. Estates and grantor trusts which are funded on account of a decedent's death are only required to make estimated tax payments for any tax year ending two or more years after the decedent's death.

You and your spouse may pay estimated tax either jointly or separately. If joint payments are made, you and your spouse may still file separate income tax returns for 2002. The estimated tax payments may be divided between you and your spouse in any manner you choose. If separate payments are made, you and your spouse may file a joint income tax return for 2002 and apply the separate estimated tax payments to the joint tax liability. However, no part of the separate estimated tax payments may be applied to a separate tax liability of the other spouse.

When to Pay Your Estimated Tax

Generally, you must make your first estimated tax payment by April 15, 2002. You may pay all your estimated tax at that time or in four equal installments on or before April 15, 2002, June 17, 2002, September 16, 2002, and January 16, 2003. Exceptions to this general rule are as follows:

1. Other payment dates. In some cases such as an increase in income, you may have to make your first estimated tax payment after April 15, 2002. The payment dates are then as follows:

If the requirement to pay estimated tax is met after:	Payment date is:	Of the estimated tax due, pay:
March 31 and before June 1	June 17, 2002	1/2
May 31 and before Sept. 1	Sept. 16, 2002	3/4
August 31	Jan. 16, 2003	all

Any remaining payments should be 1/4 of your required annual payment.

- 2. Your return as a payment. If you file your 2002 income tax return by January 31, 2003, and pay the entire balance due, you do not have to make your last payment of estimated tax due on January 16, 2003.
- **3. Farmers and fishers.** If at least two-thirds of your gross income (joint gross income, if applicable) for 2001 or 2002 is from farming or fishing, you may:
 - pay your 2002 estimated tax in full by January 16, 2003; or
 - file your 2002 income tax return on or before March 3, 2003, and pay the total tax due. In this case, you need not make estimated tax payments for 2002.
- **4. Fiscal year.** If your return is filed on a fiscal year basis, your due dates are the 15th day of the 4th, 6th, and 9th months of your current fiscal year, and the 1st month of the following fiscal year. (**Note**: If any due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, use the next business day.)

How to Use Form 1-ES

- Make any corrections necessary to your name, address, and social security number by lining out the incorrect information on the estimated tax vouchers and printing in the correct information.
- Complete the "2002 Estimated Tax Worksheet" on the reverse side
 of these instructions. Use your 2001 tax return as a guide, but be sure
 to consider any law changes for 2002. Law changes are published in
 the Wisconsin Tax Bulletin, which is available on the Internet at:
 www.dor.state.wi.us.
- Fill in the amount from line 14 of the worksheet on the "Amount of Payment" line on Form 1-ES.
- Enclose, but do not staple or attach, your check or money order with the estimated tax voucher. Make your remittance payable to the Wisconsin Department of Revenue and mail to the address shown on Form 1-ES.

To pay by credit card, call 1-800-2PAY-TAX (1-800-272-9829) or visit www.officialpayments.com. There will be a 2.5% fee charged for this service.

If you need help, contact our Customer Service and Education Bureau at (608) 266-2772 or any Department of Revenue office.

How to Amend Your Estimated Tax Payments

If you have a substantial increase or decrease in your estimated tax liability, your estimated tax payments should be amended.

- Recompute your estimated tax liability on the "2002 Estimated Tax Worksheet" on the reverse side of these instructions. Include any estimated tax payments already made for 2002 on line 10 of the worksheet.
- 2. Determine the amount of each remaining installment due as follows:
 - If all 4 installments are being amended, fill in 1/4 of line 11 of the worksheet on each payment voucher.
 - If 3 installments are being amended, fill in 1/2 of line 11 on the first amended voucher and 1/4 of line 11 on each of the last two vouchers.
 - If 2 installments are being amended, fill in 3/4 of line 11 on the first amended voucher and 1/4 of line 11 on the last installment voucher.
 - If only the last installment is being amended, fill in all of line 11 on the voucher filed.

Interest Charge for Failure to Pay Estimated Tax

If you are required to pay estimated tax and you do not, or you underpay any installment, you are subject to interest on the underpayment amount when you file your 2002 return. Wisconsin Schedule U is used to compute the interest due.

2002 ESTIMATED TAX WORKSHEET - Keep for your records - Do not file

1.	Fill in the amount of Wisconsin income you expect in 2002. Use your 2001 tax retu	rn as a guide.		1	•	
2.	Wisconsin standard deduction and exemptions (see standard deduction schedules be		2	•		
3.	Estimated taxable income (subtract line 2 from line 1)			3	•	
4.	Estimated tax (see tax rate schedules below)			4	•	
5.	Estimated credits (see instructions provided with your 2001 tax return for description	ons of credits)		5	•	
6.	Subtract line 5 from line 4			6	•	
7.	7. Estimated Wisconsin alternative minimum tax and recycling surcharge				•	
8.	8. Add lines 6 and 7				8	
9.	9. Required annual payment. Fill in amount of line 8 that you are required to pay			9		
	Caution: Generally, if you do not prepay at least 90% of your 2002 tax liability or 100% of your 2002 tax liability or 10	estimate is as accu	rate as possible.			
10.	Wisconsin income tax withheld and estimated to be withheld during 2002			10	•	
11.	Balance (subtract line 10 from line 9). (Note: If line 8 less line 10 is less than \$200,	you are not re	quired to			
	make estimated tax payments.)		_ 	11	•	
		Installments				
12.	If four installments are due, enter in each column 1/4 of the amount on line 11.	April 15	June 17	Sept. 16	Jan. 16	
	If less than four installments are due, use the instructions for other payment dates					
	under "When to Pay Your Estimated Tax"					
13.	Apply overpayment carried forward from your 2001 tax return					
	(apply first to April and carry remainder to June, etc.)					
14.	Installment amount (subtract line 13 from line 12).					
	Fill in here and on the "Amount of Payment" line on Form 1-ES					

*Individuals Your exemptions are \$700 for yourself, \$700 for your spouse if filing a joint return, and \$700 for each dependent. Add \$250 to the total if you are 65 years of age or over and, if filing a joint return, add \$250 if your spouse is 65 years of age or over. (Exception: If you are claimed as a dependent on someone else's return, you do not qualify for an exemption.) Estates and Trusts Fill in -0- on line 2. Nonresidents and part-year residents prorate the standard deduction as follows: (1) Figure your standard deduction using your federal adjusted gross income instead of your Wisconsin income, and (2) prorate using the ratio of Wisconsin income to federal adjusted gross income. Exemptions must also be prorated using the same ratio.

2002 STANDARD DEDUCTION SCHEDULES								
Schedule for Single Taxpayers								
If Wisconsin inc	ome is:	The 2002 Standard						
	but	Deduction is: of the						
over —	not over —	amount over —						
\$ 0	\$11,019	\$7,650						
11,019	74,770	7,650 less 12%\$11,020						
74,770 or over	,,,,,	0						
Schedule for He	ad of Househ	old						
If Wisconsin inc	ome is:	The 2002 Standard						
	but	Deduction is: of the						
over —	not over —	amount over —						
\$ 0	\$11,019	\$9,880						
11,019	32,230	9,880 less 22.515% \$11,020						
32,230	74,770	7,650 less 12% 11,020						
74,770 or over		0						
Schedule for Ma	rried Taxpay	vers Filing Jointly						
If Wisconsin inc	ome is:	The 2002 Standard						
	but	Deduction is: of the						
over —	not over —	amount over —						
\$ 0	\$15,469	\$13,770						
15,469	85,092	13,770 less 19.778% \$15,470						
85,092 or over		0						
Schedule for Married Taxpayers Filing Separately								
If Wisconsin inc	ome is:	The 2002 Standard						
	but	Deduction is: of the						
over —	not over —	amount over —						
\$ 0	\$ 7,349	\$6.540						
7,349	40,417	6,540 less 19.778% \$7,350						
10.417	, ,	0,000						

0

40,417 or over

2002 TAX RATE SCHEDULES FOR FULL-YEAR RESIDENTS*

Schedule A – For Single Taxpayers, Head of Household,

Estates, and Trusts						
If taxable incom	e is:	The 2002				
	but	Gross Tax is:	of the			
over —	not over —		amount over -			
\$ 0	\$ 8,280	4.60%	\$ 0			
8,280	16,560	\$ 380.88 + 6.15%	8,280			
16,560	124,200	890.10 + 6.50%	16,560			
124,200 or over		7,886.70 + 6.75%124,200				
Schedule B - For Married Taxpayers Filing Jointly						
If taxable incom	e is:	The 2002				
	but	Gross Tax is:	of the			
over —	not over -		amount over -			
\$ 0	\$ 11,040	4.60%	\$ 0			
11,040	22,080	\$ 507.84 + 6.15%	11,040			
22,080	165,600	1,186.80 + 6.50%	22,080			
165,600 or over		10,515.60 + 6.75%	165,600			
Schedule C - Fo	or Married Ta	axpayers Filing Separa	itely			
If taxable incom	e is:	The 2002				
	but	Gross Tax is:	of the			
over —	not over —		amount over -			
\$ 0	\$ 5,520	4.60%	\$ 0			
5,520	11,040	\$ 253.92 + 6.15%	5,520			
11,040	82,800	593.40 + 6.50%	11,040			
82,800 or over		5,257.80 + 6.75% 82,800				
A						

*Nonresidents and part-year residents must prorate the tax brackets (amounts appearing in the first two columns of the 2002 Tax Rate Schedules) based on the ratio of their Wisconsin income to their federal adjusted gross income. For example, for a single individual the tax brackets are \$8,280, \$8,280, and \$107,640. Assuming the individual has a ratio of 20%, the first \$1,656 (\$8,280 x .20) of taxable income is taxed at 4.60%, the next \$1,656 is taxed at 6.15%, the next \$21,528 (\$107,640 x .20) is taxed at 6.50%, and taxable income over \$24,840 is taxed at 6.75%.